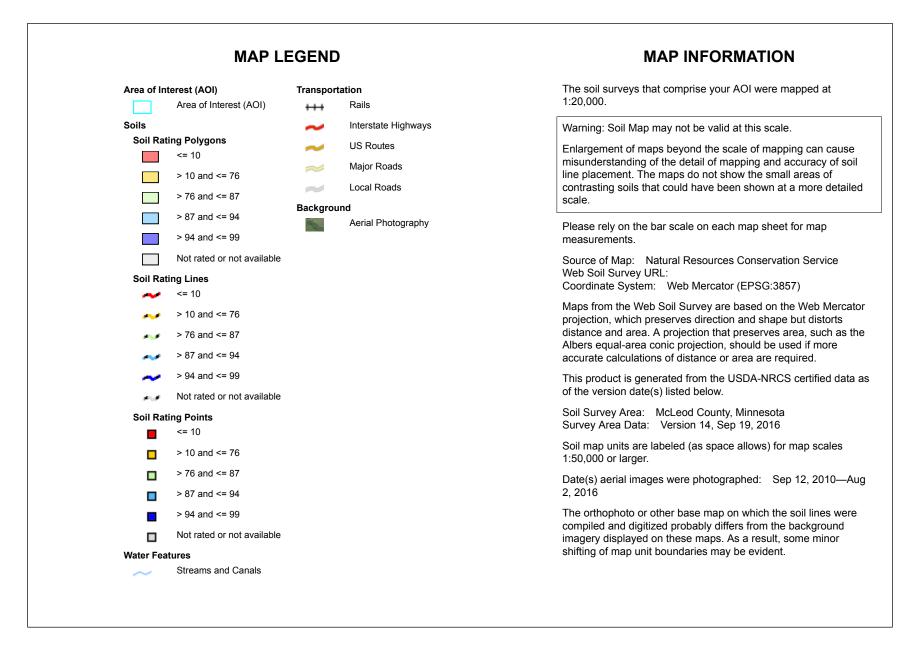


Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



Crop Productivity Index

Crop Productivity Index— Summary by Map Unit — McLeod County, Minnesota (MN085)				
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
102B	Clarion loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	94	2.7	3.4%
118	Crippin loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	99	6.5	8.2%
1075	Klossner and Muskego soils, ponded, 0 to 1 percent slopes	8	4.8	6.1%
1080	Klossner, Okoboji and Glencoe soils, ponded, 0 to 1 percent slopes	10	1.0	1.3%
L13A	Klossner muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes	76	21.0	26.3%
L107A	Canisteo-Glencoe complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	91	43.2	54.1%
L163A	Okoboji silty clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	87	0.6	0.7%
Totals for Area of Interest			79.8	100.0%

Description

Crop productivity index ratings provide a relative ranking of soils based on their potential for intensive crop production. An index can be used to rate the potential yield of one soil against that of another over a period of time. Ratings range from 0 to 100. The higher numbers indicate higher production potential. The rating is not crop specific. Minnesota inquiries must use the 'Map Unit Cropland Productivity Report (MN)' soils report from the Soil Reports tab under 'Vegetative Productivity'.

When the soils are rated, the following assumptions are made: a) adequate management, b) natural weather conditions (no irrigation), c) artificial drainage where required, d) no frequent flooding on the lower lying soils, and e) no land leveling or terracing. Even though predicted average yields will change with time, the productivity indices are expected to remain relatively constant in relation to one another over time.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Weighted Average Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher Interpret Nulls as Zero: Yes

