EFFICIENCY 685 HULL ROAD, MASON, MI 48854 PHONE (517) 676-8800 TRENCH SHIELDS SERIAL NUMBER 124618 MODEL **XLDF-820** REFERENCE TO OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION RULES AND REGULATIONS, 29 CFR, NO 209, PART 1926, SUBPART P MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEPTH OF CUT (FEET) **PSF RATING** SHIELD SIZE D SOIL TYPE TO BE EXCAVATED **MAXIMUM LATERAL** TYPE B TYPE C TYPE A EARTH PRESSURE LENGTH HEIGHT SOFT COHESIVE TO STIFF, COHESIVE SOIL. MEDIUM COHESIVE TO CAPACITY AT TRENCH (FEET) (FEET) **25 PSF** GRANULAR SOIL. 45 PSF SUBMERGED SOIL. 60 PSF BOTTOM IN POUNDS PER FOOT OF DEPTH. PER FOOT OF DEPTH. PER FOOT OF DEPTH. PER SQUARE FOOT 201200 48 27 8 20LIMITATIONS IN USE OF TABLE DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION Clay, silty clay, sandy Clay with unconfined Clay with unconfined 1. TRENCH SHIELD TO BE ASSEMBLED AND INSTALLED AS clay, clay loam, compressive strength compressive strength SHOWN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S greater than .5 TSF but less than .5 TSF unconfined compressive submerged sand, clay or strength of 1.5 tons per less than 1.5 TSF, INSTRUCTIONS. cohesionless gravel, silt, fractured rock that is not square foot or greater. (see note 8 on reverse silt loam or sandy loam. stable. (see note 10 on 2. EXCAVATION 2 FEET BELOW BOTTOM OF SHIELD IS (see note 9 on reverse reverse side) side) PERMITTED WHEN NO LOSS OF SOIL FROM BEHIND OR side) BELOW THE BOTTOM OF SHIELD IS ENCOUNTERED. 3. CONSULT MANUFACTURER WHEN RESTRICTION ON NOTE 2 IS NOT MET. LAYBACK XXXX TXXXX AND ADDITIONAL SHIELDS MAY BE STACKED WITH NO PENALTY IN DEPTH OF CUT AS LONG AS THE RATING OF SLOPE THE BOTTOM SHIELD IS NOT EXCEEDED. ACCORDING - 6" MIN. **TO OSHA** 5. DEPTHS OF CUTS SHOWN ARE BASED ON REGULATIONS EXAMPLES OF VARIOUS SOIL CONDITIONS. VERIFY D ACTUAL SOIL PRESSURES PRIOR TO EACH USE. 6. ANY MODIFICATIONS OR ALTERATIONS NOT ALLOWED UNLESS APPROVED IN WRITING BY HOV EFFICIENCY PRODUCTION, INC. 7. EXCAVATIONS OPEN FOR PERIODS EXCEEDING 24 EXCAVATIONS OPEN FOR PERIODS EXCEEDING 24 HOURS REQUIRE CAREFUL MONITORING OF CHANGING SOIL CONDITIONS AND/OR DEWATERING SYSTEMS. FOR INSTANCE, IF THE BACKFILL CHANGES FROM FREE DRAINING TO A WATER TABLE AT THE TOP OF THE SHIELD, THE LATERAL PRESSURES MAY DOUBLE IN MAGNITUDE. A CHANGE FROM "WET" TO "FULLY SATURATED" MAY INCREASE LATERAL PRESSURES 30%. EXCAVATIONS OPEN FOR PERIODS EXCEEDING 5 DAYS MAY EXPERI ENCE "LOSS OF COHESION" DUE TO CHANGES IN MOISTURE CONTENT, OXIDATION, TENSION CRACKS, ETC. CONTINUED ON REVERSE SIDE XXX XX **CERTIFIED BY:** COPYRIGHT: EFFICIENCY PRODUCTION, INC. 1991 EFFICIENCY PRODUCTION, INC. JULY 10, 2002 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED ENG. Na. 30054 DFF POFESSIONAL DO POFESSIONAL DO MINIMUM INTERNIT

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HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (4H:1V) OR GREATER.

- OR FISSURED MAY BE TYPE B. DRY ROCK THAT IS NOT STABLE OR SOIL THAT IS PART OF A SLOPED, LAYERED SYSTEM WHERE LAYERS DIP INTO THE EXCAVATION ON A SLOPE LESS STEEP THAN FOUR HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (4H: 1V) ARE TYPE B BUT ONLY IF MATERIAL WOULD OTHERWISE BE CLASSIFIED AS TYPE B. > SOIL IN A SLOPED LAYERED SYSTEM WHERE LAYERS DIP INTO THE EXCAVATION ON A SLOPE OF FOUR HORIZONTAL TO ONE VERTICAL (4H:1V) OR STEEPER MAY BE TYPE C.

> NOT TYPE A IF FISSURED, SUBJECT TO VIBRATION, PREVISOUSLY DISTURBED OR PART OF A SLOPED LAYERED SYSTEM WHERE LAYERS DIP INTO EXCAVATION ON A SLOPE OF FOUR

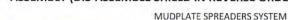
> PREVIOUSLY DISTURBED SOILS MAY BE TYPE B UNLESS THEY WOULD BE CLASSIFIED AS TYPE C. SOIL THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF TYPE A, BUT IT IS SUBJECT TO VIBRATION

- SUBMERGED SOIL IS MATERIAL WITH WATER FREELY SEEPING AND ENTERING THE TRENCH, BUT ONLY PART OF THE DEPTH OF THE RETAINED SOIL IS SUBMERGED. CONDITIONS
- MORE SEVERE WOULD REQUIRE DEWATERING OR SEALING FOUR SIDES OF THE EXCAVATION AND PUMPING THE TRENCH, SUCH SEVERE CONDITIONS WOULD REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A LICENSED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER TO ESTABLISH THE DESIGN PRESSURE. CONSULT THE MANUFACTURER FOR PRESSURES EXCEEDING TABULATED VALUES. ANY SOIL THAT WILL STAND UNSUPPORTED LONG ENOUGH TO INSTALL TRENCH SHIELD MAY BE CLASSIFIED AS C-60.
- ➢ ANY USE OF A TRENCH SHIELD WITHOUT EFFICIENCY SPREADERS AND PINS OR EQUAL WILL VOID THE TABULATED DATA AND WARRANTY.
- > SHIELD WAS DESIGNED TO BE USED WITHOUT PLATES EXTENDING BELOW, ABOVE, OR NEXT TO IT. ANY USE OF SUCH PLATES OR PANELS MAY VOID THE TABULATED DATA AND
- MAY REQUIRE SITE SPECIFIC ENGINEERING PREPARED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
- TRENCH SHIELDS ARE DESIGNED TO BE PUSHED TO GRADE IF NECESSARY. AS NOTED BELOW, ANY UNNECESSARY ABUSE BY THE EXCAVATOR AND OR OPERATOR (SUCH AS POUNDING WITH THE BUCKET) WILL VOID THE TABULATED DATA AS WELL AS THE WARRANTY.
- CONDITION OF SHIELD, SPREADER PIPES, AND SPREADER PINS MUST BE CHECKED/ INSPECTED FOR SERVICEABLITY BY THE COMPETENT PERSON PRIOR TO EACH USE. PSF RATING IS NOT VALID IF THERE IS ANY VISIBLE DAMAGE TO. OR REPAIRS MADE TO THE SHIELD THAT HAS NOT BEEN DOCUMENTED AND CERTIFIED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL
- ENGINEER ➢ A MINIMUM OF 2 SPREADERS, 1 ARCH, OR 1 SPREADER AND 1 MUDPLATE MUST BE INSTALLED ON EACH END OF TRENCH SHIELD PRIOR TO USE.
- > DEPTH AND PSF RATING ARE FOR LATERAL EARTH PRESSURES ONLY. AN ADDITIONAL LATERAL SURCHARGE PRESSURE UP TO 72PSF IS ALLOWED

# ASSEMBLY (DIS-ASSEMBLE SHIELD IN REVERSE ORDER)

MUDPLATE SPREADERS SYSTEM 5 PIPE SPREADER SYSTEM







GROUND WITH COLLAR SOCKETS









LIP

EXCAVATE TO GRADE JUST SLIGHTLY WIDER THAN THE TRENCH SHIELD. DIG WALLS VERTICAL TO MINIMUM OF 18" BELOW THE TOP OF THE SHIELD. SLOPE SOILS ABOVE SHIELD ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURERS TABULATED DATA. INSTALL SHIELD IN TRENCH.



EXCAVATE IN FRONT OF THE TRENCH SHIELD



LOWER SECOND SIDEWALL ONTO SPREADERS AND PIN



STAND TRENCH SHIELD IN UPRIGHT POSITION AND PREPARE FOR INSTALLATION



PULL SHIELD FORWARD BY FRONT TOP SPREADER PIPE OR WITH PULLING EYES. (PULLING EYES SHALL BE USED WITH SPREADERS WIDER THAN 72" OR WHEN SOIL PRESSURE IS SEVERE ENOUGH TO CAUSE SPREADER TO DEFLECT).

# USING A TRENCH SHIELD IN UNSTABLE SOIL



**EXCAVATE UNTIL SOIL BEGINS** TO CRUMBLE BEYOND DESIRED TRENCH WIDTH, PLACE SHIELD IN LINE OF EXCAVATION



PRESS DOWN ON CORNERS TO PUSH SHIELD DOWN TO GRADE



PULL SHIELD FORWARD AND UP ON APPROPRIATE ANGLE

MANHOLE BOX W/CORNER END PLATES





EXCAVATE SOIL WITHIN THE SHIELD AND REPEAT PREVIOUS PROCESS

#### **USING 4-SIDED SHIELDS**



WHEN USING SHIELDS AS PROTECTION DURING MANHOLE ASSEMBLY WORK, INSURE THAT PROPER END PANELS ARE USED, OR LAY SOIL AT THE ENDS BACK ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S TABULATED DATA

### USING TRENCH SHIELDS FOR PATCHWORK, **REPAIRS OR TIE-INS**



\*CENTER SHIELD OVER WORK AREA \*LAY SOIL AT ENDS BACK ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S TABULATED DATA OR USE MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNED PLATES TO PROTECT FROM CAVE-INS



CORNER END PLATES HELP PREVENT LOOSE MATERIAL FROM RUNNING INTO THE END OF THE SHIELD, SOIL AT ENDS SHOULD BE SLOPED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S TABULATED DATA

\*THIS MATERIAL IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE BASIC ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION INFORMATION ONLY. \*ALWAYS USE TRENCH SHIELD IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL SAFETY LAWS AND REGULATIONS. \*FAILURE TO DO SO COULD CAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH.

